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10/551,406	07/21/2006	Dan Christian Bak	030307-0269	4472
22428 7590 02/03/2009 FOLEY AND LARDNER LLP			EXAMINER	
SUITE 500 3000 K STREET NW WASHINGTON. DC 20007			WHITE, DWAYNE J	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/551,406 BAK ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit DWAYNE J. WHITE 3745 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 September 2005. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-24 and 26-29 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-24 and 27-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 26 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2005 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/29/05;7/21/06;4/18/07.

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Art Unit: 3745

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: "airfoils" should be -airfoil-- in line 2 and line 3.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3, 5-7, 14, 17, 24, 27 and 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in Exparte Wu, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of Exparte Steigewald, 131 USPO 74 (Bd. App. 1961); Exparte Hall, 83 USPO 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and Exparte Hasche,

Application/Control Number: 10/551,406

Art Unit: 3745

86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 3 recites the broad recitation flexible material, and the claim also recites rubber which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Regarding claims 5-7, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 14 recites the broad recitation material composition which elongation, shortening and /or bending is controllable by applied electrical currents, and the claim also recites a smart material which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim Application/Control Number: 10/551,406

Art Unit: 3745

does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in Ex parte Wu, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of Ex parte Steigewald, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); Ex parte Hall, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and Ex parte Hasche, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 17 recites the broad recitation flexible material, and the claim also recites rubber which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Claim 24 recites the limitation "the operating condition conditions" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Regarding claim 27, the phrase "or the like" renders the claim(s) indefinite because the claim(s) include(s) elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "or the like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claim(s) unascertainable. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Regarding claim 28, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP \$ 2173.05(d).

Application/Control Number: 10/551,406 Page 5

Art Unit: 3745

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 3(as far as it is definite), 4, 5-7 (as far as they are definite), 8, 9, 13, 14 (as far as it is definite), 15 (as far as it is definite), 16, 21-24, 28 and 29 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Buter et al. (6,419,187). Buter et al. discloses a wind turbine blade comprising one or more shape deforming airfoil sections 2/3 where the outer surface of each section is continuous (column 2, lines 63-66) in all its shape, and an actuator means (piezoelectric, magnetostrictive, electrical, electromagnetic, electrostrictive, hydraulic, pneumatic, or shape memory alloy) (column 2, lines 36-41) for providing the shape changes.

The Examiner notes that Buter et al. discloses active shape deforming devices as listed above.

The forward and aft sections 2 and 3 are a flexible material where the actuator 44 can formed within the skin 45. Buter et al. further discloses using control algorithms to effect noise reduction. In regards to claims 28 and 29, the Examiner notes that the pitch of a wind turbine blade is inherently set during operation and the deformation of the blade occurs sometime during

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/551,406

Art Unit: 3745

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in such that the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 10-12 and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Buter et al. in view of Gruensfelder et al. (6,213,433). Buter et al. discloses all of the claimed subject matter as stated in the above 102(b) rejection except for the details of the hydraulic actuator means.

Gruensfelder et al. teaches a hydraulic actuator for an airfoil having a longitudinal piston 72 or actuator 111 connected to the upper and lower airfoil sections to change the profile of the airfoil. Since Buter et al. already discloses a hydraulic actuator as being among the known actuator for adjusting the blade profile, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the actuator of Buter et al. by providing either a longitudinal beam or other actuator as taught by Gruensfelder as an engineering expedient.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Buter et al. in view of Fagg (GB 2308836 A). Buter et al. discloses all of the claimed subject matter as stated in the 102(b) rejection made above except for the actuator means being passive.

Fagg teaches an airfoil structure that deforms based on the load applied to the airfoil. Since Buter et al. already discloses a plurality of different actuators and both Buter et al. and Fagg disclose actuators for deforming an airfoil it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the actuator of Buter et al. by providing a passive actuator as taught by Fagg as an engineering expedient.

CONCLUSION

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 26 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 27 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35

U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DWAYNE J. WHITE whose telephone number is (571)272-4825. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 am to 3:30 pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Look can be reached on (571) 272-4820. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3745

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Dwayne J White/ Examiner, Art Unit 3745

DJW